Coherence effects in the collision of high-energy electron-positron bunches with an intense laser field

A. Di Piazza^{1,2,3}

¹Max Planck Institute for Nuclear Physics, 69117 Heidelberg, Germany ²Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Rochester, Rochester, New York 14627, United States ³Laboratory for Laser Energetics, University of Rochester, Rochester, New York 14623, United States

In classical electrodynamics, energy losses due to the emission of electromagnetic radiation can be accounted for by solving the Landau-Lifshitz equation of motion. Analytically, this equation is typically solved while treating each particle independently in an external field; numerically, one often includes a self-consistent mean field, as seen with particle-in-cell (PIC) codes. In both cases, interparticle fields from point-like particles are neglected. By considering the collision of a neutral relativistic electron-positron bunch with an intense laser pulse, we demonstrate that the inclusion of interparticle fields can coherently amplify a broad range of radiated frequencies by orders of magnitude [1]. This corresponds to an amplified energy loss by particles within the bunch, with interparticle fields that feed into the radiation reaction force.

[1] M. J. Quin, A. Di Piazza, C. H. Keitel, and M. Tamburini, (2023), arXiv:2306.17832.